UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO		
09/988,672	11/20/2001	Young-jin Hong	030681-330 9036		
	7590 10/20/200 INGERSOLL & ROOI	EXAMINER			
POST OFFICE	BOX 1404	POND, ROBERT M			
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3625		
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/20/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

ADIPFDD@bipc.com

Office Action Summary		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/988,6	72	HONG, YOUNG-JIN				
		Examine	,	Art Unit				
		Robert M.		3625				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state to receive the operation of the months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THE ALL STATES AND ALL STATE	HIS COMMUNICATIC ent, however, may a reply be t ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror lication to become ABANDON	ON. imely filed m the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0.	4 June 2008						
, —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>r tame zees.</u> Γhis action is r	on-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo			rosecution as to the	e merits is			
- ,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicat	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	accepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice (3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5] Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

The Applicant amended claims 1, 9 and 13 and newly added claim 21. All pending claims 1-21 were examined in this final office action necessitated by amendment.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 04 June 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Hunter in light of KSR rationale renders the claimed invention obvious. Hunter provides a telephone commerce system, follow-up with information as a result of a request for product information, hang-up process with call-back, user-supplied password. Hunter's system permits password changes which is sufficient to address the issue of temporary. Independent claims fail to further treat "temporary" with positively recited claim language so as to distinguish from Hunter. Hunter in combination with Labaton teach and suggest one-time password generation and use. The office action was reorganized to clarify Hunter.

The Applicant is reminded that twice rejected claims are eligible for appeal.

The Examiner is willing take an after final interview should the Applicant consider a change in subject matter direction to distinguish over the cited prior.

Art Unit: 3625

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

 Claims 1-8, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hunter (Paper #2008880128, US 6,850,901).

Hunter teaches a central system and methods of providing an on-line shopping service that represents multiple participating merchants who offer their products through the system to a plurality of remote customers. Customers order one or more products by telephone by accessing the central system that processes and routes a complete product order to the appropriate participating merchant. See at least abstract; Fig. 1; col. 1-col. 4; col. 5, lines 14-col. 6, line 22.

Requesting Product Information

Hunter provides multiple embodiments based on a core set of central system structures as shown in at least Figs. 1-5. Figure 3 depicts the central system being used to retrieve product information requested by a customer making a call using either cellular or plain old telephone system (POT) systems and receiving the requested product information via POTS/voice from the central system or directly from the selected merchant. Hunter's product information requests (i.e. Applicant's purchasing conditions) convey at least product description, pricing and merchant information. See at least Fig. 1A; col. 8, lines 30-36.

Application/Control Number: 09/988,672

Art Unit: 3625

Page 4

Figure 2 depicts the central system receiving order requests from callers either establishing a customer information set (Fig. 2 (24, 40, 50, 60, 70) or having an existing customer information set (Fig. 2 (24, 40, 50, 70). Once the caller makes the request, the caller can simply hang up or wait for confirmation. See at least col. 7, line 16. Figure 3 further depicts support for establishing the caller as a new customer and support for updating the customer record which implies the information set for a customer can change. For example, the customer-supplied personal identification number may change, or preferred shipping methods may change, or product preferences, etc. See at least Fig. 3 (60, 70); col. 7, lines 19-54. For examination purposes, the scenario relied upon as depicted by Figure 3 and supporting teachings is a caller making a product information request, establishing a PIN (i.e. password) with other identifying information and preferences, and receiving the requested product information from the central system via POTS/voice via a communication separate from the originating call. See Fig. 3 (24, 40, 50, 60, 70, and 150 back to 24). Figure 3 further depicts the central system transferring customer information and product/merchant ID information by the product order placement module to the merchant (Fig. 3 (I50, 100). Figure 4 provides a variation of Figure 3 in that the central system processes the caller's product information request the same as a product order (see below for further discussion pertaining to making a purchase request) so that the appropriate merchant can follow-up as appropriate with the

Art Unit: 3625

caller making the request. Note: follow-up separate from the originating call. See Fig. 4 (100A); col. 8, lines 47-67.

Making a Purchase

Figures 2, 5 and 6 depict the central system processing a product purchase request based upon receiving product information input by the caller conveying merchant, price and product description. Processing by the central system includes billing and fulfillment. See at least col. 8, lines 17-29; col. 9, lines 1-41. Hunter further teaches and suggests:

• Regarding claim 1 (a). (a) receiving a temporary password and purchasing conditions from a user through a telephone connection; Figure 2 depicts the central system receiving order requests from callers either establishing a customer information set (Fig. 2 (24, 40, 50, 60, 70) or having an existing customer information set (Fig. 2 (24, 40, 50, 70). Once the caller makes the request, the caller can simply hang up or wait for confirmation. See at least col. 7, line 16. Hunter further teaches first-time users may provide identifying information including by not limited to a personal identification number (PIN) and voice ID. See at least col. 6, lines 23-26. Figure 3 illustrates automatic order processing that permits customers to not only order products but also order (usually free) information about products and transmit product information by email, or POTS/voice. See at least Fig 3; col. 8, lines 30-46. Figure 3 further depicts support for establishing the caller as a new customer and support for updating the

Application/Control Number: 09/988,672

Art Unit: 3625

customer record which implies the information set for a customer can change. For example, the customer-supplied personal identification number may change, or preferred shipping methods may change, or

product preferences, etc. See at least Fig. 3 (60, 70); col. 7, lines 19-54.

Page 6

Regarding claim 1 (b). Figure 4 provides a variation of Figure 3 in that the central system processes the caller's product information request the same as a product order (see below for further discussion pertaining to making a purchase request) so that the appropriate merchant can followup as appropriate with the caller making the request. Note: follow-up separate from the originating call. See Fig. 4 (100A); col. 8, lines 47-67. Hunter teaches and suggests all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and further teaches and suggest a customer entering a password (e.g. PIN), requesting product information and receiving product information as follow-up from a merchant or the central system retrieving product information separate from the originating call via email or POTS/voice. It would have been obvious to try, by one of ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made, (b) retrieving article information by the on-line shopping service meeting the purchasing conditions received in step (a), after ending the telephone connection and incorporate it into the system of Hunter since there are a finite number of identified, predictable potential solutions to the recognized need and one of ordinary skill in the art could have pursued the known potential solutions with a

Art Unit: 3625

reasonable expectation of success. Obviousness under 35 USC 103 in view of the Supreme Court decision KSR International Co. vs. Teleflex Inc. Hunter further teaches and suggests:

- Regarding claim 1. (c) after performing step (b) re-establishing a telephone connection to the user using the user's originator telephone number call for information, customer supplies a telephone number used by POTS/Voice return call from system or call number ID (see at least col. 7, lines 29-59), and confirming the user using the temporary password received in step (a); a caller using the purchasing features as noted above has his/her identity confirmed using a PIN (i.e. password) alone or in combination. See at least col. 6, line 58-col. 7, line 2.
- Regarding claim 1. <u>and (d) after re-establishing the connection and confirming the user, providing the article information retrieved in step (b), requested product information is retrieved and transmitted to the caller using the caller's preferred method (e.g. POTS/voice) (see at least col. 8, lines 35-46), <u>and arranging a transaction according to the user's selection.</u> Rejection is based on the rationale as noted above pertaining as taught and suggested by Hunter pertaining to "Making a Purchase."</u>
- Regarding claim 2. wherein step (a) comprises the steps of:
 (a1) receiving the originator telephone number of the user performing

Art Unit: 3625

<u>access through a telephone;</u> caller supplies the phone number during the call or the central system uses call number ID. See at least col. 6, lines 39-59.

- (a2) requesting the user to create the temporary password and receiving the temporary password from the user; col. 6, line 65; col. 7, lines 52-51.
- (a3) <u>and requesting the user to input the purchasing conditions and</u>

 <u>receiving the purchasing conditions including at least article name and</u>

 price information. caller inputs product code. See at least col. 5, lines
- Regarding claim 3. wherein in step (a1), the originator telephone
 number is automatically transmitted during telephone connection.

 caller supplies the phone number during the call or system uses call
 number ID. See at least col. 6, lines 39-59.
- Regarding claim 4. method of claim 2, wherein step (a) further comprises the step of (a4) outputting the purchasing conditions received in step (a3) in the form of speech using a technique of outputting text in the form of speech to confirm the purchasing conditions. Caller receives an automated voice confirmation. See at least col. 9, lines 17-29.
- Regarding claim 5. wherein step (c) comprises the steps of:
 (c1) establishing a setting telephone connection to the user using the
 originator telephone number; as previously cited.

Application/Control Number: 09/988,672

Art Unit: 3625

(c2) requesting the user to input a temporary password to confirm the user's identity and receiving the temporary password from the user; and (c3) comparing the temporary password received in step (a) with the temporary password received in step (c2) to confirm the user.

While it is preferred to utilize customer identification employing call no. ID technology, voice recognition technology or other technologies that operate independent of information input by the customer in response to a prompt, other identification means may be used, for example, where the customer is automatically prompted to provide information such as credit card number, social security number, date of birth, personal identification number PIN, or the like, alone or in combination, and the provided information is compared against information previously established in the customer database to verify the identity of the customer placing the call. See at least col. 6, lines 58-col. 7, line 7.

Page 9

- Regarding claim 6. wherein step (d) comprises the steps of:
 (d1) providing the article information retrieved in step (b) to the user
 through a telephone; POTS/voice delivery of requested product
 information as previously cited.
 - (d2) requesting the user to select a seller from the article information provided in step (d1) and receiving seller information selected by the user; places order through the system as previously cited.

Art Unit: 3625

(d3) and confirming content received in step (d2), caller receives an automated voice confirmation. See at least col. 7, lines 8-22; col. 9, lines 17-29. and arranging a transaction. arranging a transaction is a demonstrated objective of the system as previously cited.

- Regarding claim 7. method of claim 6, wherein in step (d1), the article information retrieved in step (b) is output in the form of speech using a technique of outputting text in the form of speech. Caller receives an automated voice confirmation. See at least col. 7, lines 8-22; col. 9, lines 17-29.
- Regarding claim 8. method of claim 6, wherein step (d) further
 comprises the step of (d4) providing the details of the transaction
 arranged in step (d3) to the seller selected by the user. system
 processes the order and passes to the selected merchant for
 fulfillment. See at least Fig. 3 (50; 100); col. 8, lines 30-67.
- Regarding claims 13 and 14. Rejections are based on the teachings and rationales as noted above.
- Claims 9-12 and 15-20 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hunter ((Paper #2008880128, US 6,850,901) in view of Whigham ((Paper #2008880128, US 6,584,309).
 - Regarding claims 9 and 15, Hunter teaches and suggests all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and teaches and suggests i) the

Art Unit: 3625

customer making either a cellular or POTS call to a purchasing system to make a purchase over the phone, ii) the purchasing system billing the customer making a purchase via a credit card system and iii) arranging the transaction according to the user's selection.. Although Hunter does not mention requesting a telephone company billing server to bill a purchase charge as a telephone charge, Whigham on the other hand teaches a product purchasing system whereby a customer using a cellular telephone to purchase a product is billed by the product provider, a credit card company, a bank or the telephone company that provides the cellular telephone service. See at least abstract; Fig. 1; col. 2, lines 33-53. One of ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made would have recognized that applying the known technique of Whigham would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Whigham to the teachings of Hunter would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such data processing features into similar systems. Obviousness under 35 USC 103 in view of the Supreme Court decision KSR International Co. v. Teleflex Inc.

 Regarding claims 10-12 and 16-20. Rejections are based on the same rationale as noted above as applied to claims 9 and 15.

Art Unit: 3625

 Claim 21 is rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hunter ((Paper #2008880128, US 6,850,901) in view of Labaton (US 6,957,185).

Hunter teaches and suggests all the above as noted under the 103(a) rejection and i) a customer creating a PIN that can be updated (note: a temporary password) and ii) telephone commerce. Although Hunter does note mention the password is valid for a single transaction, Labaton on the other hand teaches telephone commerce and the use of one-time passwords for a transaction. See at least abstract; col. 4, lines 9-34; col. 13, line 62-col. 14, line24. One of ordinary skill in the art at time the invention was made would have recognized that applying the known techniques of Labaton of implementing one-time use passwords for transcations would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the techniques of Labaton to the teachings of Hunter would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such data processing features into similar systems. Obviousness under 35 USC 103 in view of the Supreme Court decision KSR International Co. vs. Teleflex Inc.

Art Unit: 3625

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert M. Pond whose telephone number is 571-272-6760. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Jeff Smith can be reached on 571-272-6763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3625

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Robert M. Pond/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3625 October 14, 2008